⊙ Supplemental Diagrams

10400-G 2017

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⊙ 4.1 Safety

Occupational Health & Safety Act Construction Regulations 2014

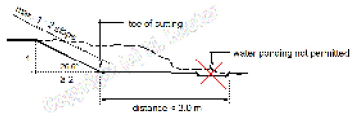
Workers safety must be ensured by taking reasonable and sufficient steps to prevent, as far as is reasonably practical, any person from being buried or trapped by a fall or dislodgement of material in an excavation.

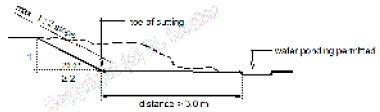
Protection must be provided by means of adequate shoring and bracing of any excavation where such is defined as being a non-vertical sided trench, pit or depression formed by cutting, digging or scooping.

The protection must be able to support the sides of the excavation and ensure that no external loads placed or moved causes the collapse thereof or that such does undermine the stability of any building, structure or road.

A convenient and safe means of access must be provided within an excavation and such is not to be further than 6.0 m from the point where any worker will be working.

⊙ 4.2.2.2 Excavations - Water Ponding





⊙ Reg. A20 Occupancy Classifications

E5 - Other institutional (residential)
Occupancy where groups of people who either are not fully fit, or who are restricted in their movements or their ability to make decisions reside and use medical

E4 - Health care
Occupancy which is a common place of long term or transient living for a number of unrelated persons who, as a group, or in part, include sick, who, due to varying degrees of incapacity, are provided with personal care services or are undergoing medical treatment.

F1 - Large shop
Occupancy where merchandise is displayed and offered for sale to the public and the floor area exceeds 250 m²

F2 - Small shop
Occupancy where merchandise is displayed and offered for sale to the public and the floor area does not exceed 250 m².

F3 - Wholesaler's store
Occupancy where goods are displayed and sold to retailers only or limited to a select group of persons is present at any one time.

G1 - Offices
Occupancy consisting of offices, banks, consulting rooms and other similar usage

H1 - Hotel
Occupancy where persons rent furnished rooms, not being dwelling units.

H2 - Dormitory
Occupancy where particular people are accommodated in communal

H3 - Domestic residence
Occupancy consisting of two or more dwelling units on a single site.

H4 - Dwelling house
Occupancy consisting of a dwelling unit on its own site, including a garage and other domestic outbuilding, if any.

H5 - Hospitality
Occupancy where unrelated persons rent furnished rooms on a transient basis within a dwelling house or domestic residence with sleeping accommodation for not more than 16 persons within a dwelling unit.

J1 - High risk storage
Occupancy where material is stored and where the stored material is liable, in the event of fire, to cause combustion with extreme rapidity or give rise to poisonous fumes, or cause explosions.

J2 - Moderate risk storage
Occupancy where material is stored and where the stored material is liable, in the event of fire, to cause combustion with moderate rapidity but is not likely to give rise to poisonous fumes, or cause explosions.

J3 - Low risk storage
Occupancy where the material stored does not fall into the high or moderate risk category.

J4 - Parking garage
Occupancy used for storing or parking of more than 10 motor vehicles.

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